

Update on the NESCAUM Review and Assessment of the PAMS Network

(again)

George Allen



The contributions of many State Agency staff on the APC and MAC to this process are gratefully acknowledged!!

Presented at the NESCAUM APC meeting, September 21, 2010

The Issue:

Old Questions, new context.

Q: [How] do we use PAMS data; What can we do better?
Not new Questions... Never get answered well.

Motivation for this effort: A Dramatically New Context

MUCH has changed since the early 1990's

NAAQS levels and forms

125-ppb 1-h to presumably 70-ppb 8-h; 2ndary Std?

longer PAMS season?

NO_x and VOC emissions trend downward

What we can measure - new technologies

Background of the current review process

Early this year: Topic came up in informal discussions (Feb. AD Mtg) anticipating large ozone NAAQS changes this fall

March: Charge to Nescaum Committees (APC and MAC) to review/assess PAMS in our domain

<ftp://airbeat.org/PAMS/PAMS-charge-2010-March17-draft.pdf>

April: MAC call to discuss PAMS monitoring issues; Discussions with APC; Develop initial ideas

<ftp://airbeat.org/PAMS/PAMS-mac-15apr-call-summary.pdf>

May: Update to Air Directors outlining the review process

<ftp://airbeat.org/PAMS/PAMS-Update-NESC-Dirs-Mtg-final-2010May.pdf>

July: Joint MAC-APC call to focus questions

ftp://airbeat.org/PAMS/7July-PAMS-call-notes_Rev15July.pdf

Aug.: Two sub-group calls:

Target species/measurement issues

Data analysis

<ftp://airbeat.org/PAMS/PamsWG-23Aug-TargetSpecies-CallSummary.pdf>

<ftp://airbeat.org/PAMS/PamsWG-24Aug-DataAnalysis-CallSummary.pdf>

Sept: Joint APC/MAC call - followup of sub-group calls

ftp://airbeat.org/PAMS/Nescaum-PamsWGcall_14sept10.pdf

includes draft species lists

End of October: Summary to Air Directors

Nov. 3? Final “revised” O3 NAAQS rule announced

Proposed O3 implementation rule announced

All related background material for this review process is at:

<ftp://airbeat.org/PAMS/>

Literature, old reports, meeting summaries, etc.

Summary of results to date

Network design (siting):

Discussion on hold for now...

-- waiting for implementation rule info (November?)

“New PAMS areas may be created depending on final level and classification approach selected”

ftp://airbeat.org/PAMS/PAMS-EPA-Update_Weinstock.pdf [EPA, April 2010]

-- Program Funding implications?

EPA has been ignoring and underfunding PAMS for a long time

Will that change with a much tighter O₃ NAAQS?

EPA-OAQPS PAMS review process starting this fall (Cavender)

Measurements and Target Species:

Need to update old equipment/methods (\$\$)

more reliable, more relevant species (biogenics)

very limited EPA hardware \$ (700k/y nationally)

Develop more focused list(s) of species for data analysis

-- Subset of current 56 HAPS (~25?)

shorter list is better if it works as well for models

-- Relevant to O3 (MIR, abundance)

also air toxics (for urban sites)

-- Measured well over a wide range of sites

-- Current status: still under development

Multiple lists going forward

Core Species list is dependant on measurement method

Newer methods can measure more/better (toxics, biogenics)

Carbonyls measurement method[s] still unresolved

O3 Event Carbonyl intensive (3-hour) measurements:

Should we continue? Not required. How used?

R2 does not do; R1 did not do this year

PAMS carbonyls:

Important for both O3 and air toxics (aldehydes)

Currently 3rd day, summer only; data quality??

Not from PAMS Auto-GC - separate method

Year-round Urban PAMS sites?

Longer PAMS season?

Add air toxics program relevant species

Leverage air toxics pgm funding?

Data Analysis:

Spatial Scale -- OTC domain, NE urban corridor

Limited routine use - mostly VOC trends analysis

Occasionally used in models to check concepts and consistency

Emission inventories are a weak spot for models

Models can not do trends - too many changes over the years
CB-4, CB-5, Moves

More biogenic species/data needed for models
Anthropogenic VOCs trending down

Gopal's summary highlights many needs:

<ftp://airbeat.org/PAMS/Gopal-PAMS-measurements-OTCdomain-draft-8sept10.pdf>

Exploratory Analysis by Tom Downs (ME-DEP):

1997-2009 data, all NESCAUM PAMS sites

3-month PAMS season only

Focus on 6-9 am (source) and 3-6 pm (receptor) EDT periods

Ratios, trends, % missing PAMS HC

Completed for all 19 sites; data and analysis results at:

http://www.maine.gov/dep/ftp/DEP_PAMS/NESCAUM_PAMS_DATA/

and

http://www.maine.gov/dep/ftp/DEP_PAMS/NESCAUM_PAMS_ANALYSES/

Some caveats for data screening / missingness

Encourage State staff to review data and analysis for their sites

Tom welcomes feedback on any aspect of this effort

This “internal” analysis / data review could be an ongoing process

Extend south to DC/VA? OTC coordination?

Other Regional Analysis Topics

Outsourced (if funds available)?

Handed off to EPA internally or externally?

(\$140k/year nationally off the top):

Event and/or Trend analysis for O₃ and VOCs

include control for seasonal met and transport wind patterns

Review core science in NAS 1991 “Rethinking the O₃ problem”
document: did we get any answers yet?

[ftp://airbeat.org/PAMS/Rethinking the Ozone Problem in Urban and Regional Air Pollution NAS1992.pdf](ftp://airbeat.org/PAMS/Rethinking_the_Ozone_Problem_in_Urban_and_Regional_Air_Pollution_NAS1992.pdf)

Are VOCs more of a transport or local issue now - or both?

VOCs mixing with urban NO_x, reacting and transporting?

NO_x dis-benefits as mobile and stationary source controls kick in?

Upper Air Met: do we still need it?

Probably. WRF/MM5 good model input, but need some validation.

Limited sites in NE (MA and NJ); 2 in MD, nothing upwind:

<http://madis-data.noaa.gov/cap/profiler.jsp?view=news>

Existing systems in NE are very very old

-- funding for (expensive) maintenance is tenuous

Consider new approach - new methods (ceilometer lidar?)

Cheaper, more reliable, “good enough” data

Funding not in the pipeline

Example of rural total NMOC 1995-2008 (Source: EPA-R1)

Average 1-hour measurements of TNMOC (ppbC) recorded at four New England Type 3 and 4 PAMS sites during the summer months (June, July, and August) for the period 1995 through 2008.

